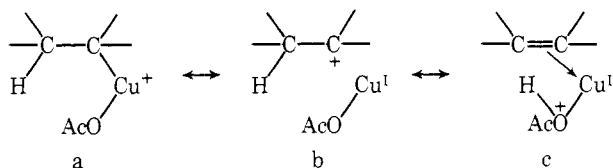


Additions and Corrections

Mechanism of Electron Transfer Oxidation of Alkyl Radicals by Copper(II) Complexes [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **90**, 4616 (1968)]. By J. K. KOCHI, A. BEMIS, and C. L. JENKINS, Department of Chemistry, Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland, Ohio 44106.

Scheme I on page 4622 should be corrected to read:



Stereoselective Chemical Reduction of 5,10-Methylenetetrahydrofolate [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **95**, 5409 (1973)]. By PETER R. FARINA, LINDA J. FARINA, and STEPHEN J. BENKOVIC,* Department of Chemistry, The Pennsylvania State University, University Park, Pennsylvania 16802.

The assignment in Figure 1 to the methylene bridge protons of 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate is incomplete. The depicted doublet at 4.94 ppm is only one-half of an AX quartet; the remaining half is centered at 3.75 ppm. Instability in the field frequency lock and masking by solvent contributed to the misassignment. The stereochemical preference for one diastereomer in the system illustrated is about 60–70%.

Symmetry Adapted Functions and Normalized Spherical Harmonic (NSH) Hamiltonians for the Point Groups O_h , T_d , D_{4h} , D_{2d} , C_{4v} , D_{2h} , C_{2v} [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **96**, 1693 (1974)]. By J. C. HEMPEL, J. C. DONINI, B. R. HOLLEBONE, and A. B. P. LEVER,* Department of Chemistry, York University, Downsview, Ontario, Canada M3J 1P3.

In both Tables I and II the representation of the basis xy in the C_{4v} point group should be B_2 .

The bottom function in eq 16 has a sign error. For consistency it should read:

$$|T_{2g}(xy); B_{2g}; A_g; A_1\rangle = -i/\sqrt{2}\{|22\rangle - |2\bar{2}\rangle\} \quad (16)$$

One element in Table X also has a sign error. Thus the bottom element in the DS column should read +0.11429.

A coefficient is missing from eq 35 which should read:

$$(3/7)DS - (1/21)(5/3)^{1/2}DT - (5/3)(1/21)^{1/2}DQ = \frac{1}{2}\text{Tr}({}^3A_2) + \frac{1}{2}\text{Tr}({}^3B_2) - \text{Tr}({}^3B_1) \quad (35)$$

The sentence beginning three lines below eq 35 should read, in part: "When nine spin-allowed triplet-triplet transitions are observed, the energies of the triplet states can be specified with three independent variables . . ." (not four as previously indicated).

On page 1701, 16 lines above the Discussion should read ". . . with $\lambda = -140 \text{ cm}^{-1}$. . ."

The Gauche Effect. "Isolation" of Lone Pair-Lone Pair Interactions [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **96**, 5693 (1974)]. By FREDERIC A. VAN-CATLEDGE, Department of Chemistry, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55455.

It has been pointed out to us that the derivation of the function $f(S)$, used to approximate the rotational behavior

of one-electron interactions between vicinal hybrid orbitals, is faulty owing to inconsistent handling of the quantity S_{pq}^2 . We wish to demonstrate that the function $f(S)$ remains a good probe for this behavior, though not for the reasons originally stated. Let us consider the one-electron interactions between two hybrids on adjacent, identical nuclei. If we approximate the coupling element H_{pq}' as

$$H_{pq}' \approx KS_{pq}H_{pp} \quad (a-1)$$

we obtain, for the symmetry-determined MO's

$$(H_{11}' + H_{22}')_{\text{approx}} \propto -(1 - KS_{pq}^2)/(1 - S_{pq}^2) \quad (a-2)$$

Two points emerge from examination of (a-2): (a) for any value of K greater than unity, the qualitative behavior of (a-2) parallels that of $f(S)$; (b) for the case in question S_{pq}^2 is small (0–0.05). If K is set equal to 2.0, the expression (a-2) may be represented extremely well by $f(S)$, i.e.,

$$(1 - 2x)/(1 - x) \approx (1 - x) \quad (a-3)$$

when x is small.

Let us pursue the point further by considering an explicit form for the Hamiltonian governing direct, one-electron interactions between hybrids on adjacent centers

$$\hat{H}' = -\frac{1}{2}\nabla^2 - Z_A'/r_A - Z_B'/r_B \quad (a-4)$$

where Z_A' is the core charge (assuming "perfect" screening by the inner shell electrons) for atom A. We may now compute the quantity $(H_{11}' + H_{22}')_{\text{exact}}$ and compare its rotational behavior with that of the several functions described above. Table I summarizes such a comparison for N–N interactions with an internuclear separation of 1.46 Å. All functions give minima at $90 \pm 5^\circ$. Further, the ratio of the important Fourier coefficients is ~ 4 in each case.

Table I. Fourier Coefficients for Various Functions Representing One-Electron Interactions between Vicinal sp^3 Hybrid Orbitals

Function	10^2V_1	10^2V_2	10^2V_3	$ V_2/V_1 $	$\phi_{\text{min}}, \text{deg}$
$f(S)$	0.460	-1.790	0	3.89	86
Eq (a-2)					
$k = 1.5$	0.237	-0.912	0.002	3.86	86
$k = 2.0$	0.473	-1.825	0.004	3.86	86
"Exact"	-0.168	-0.718	0	4.26	93

Extension of these arguments to all the cases previously considered confirms that the function $f(S)$ is indeed a reasonable probe to use for rotational effects deriving from one-electron interactions.

Nucleophilic Cleavage of the Sulfur-Sulfur Bond by Phosphorus Nucleophiles. Kinetic Study of the Reduction of Aryl Disulfides with Triphenylphosphine and Water [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **96**, 6081 (1974)]. By LARRY E. OVERMAN,* DAVID MATZINGER, EDWARD M. O'CONNOR, and JOANNE D. OVERMAN, Department of Chemistry, University of California, Irvine, California 92664.

On page 6086, first column, line 15, the sign for β is incorrect; it should read " β for the meta substituents is -1.02 ."

In Table V the molar extinction coefficients reported for the phenoxides derived from **15** and **16** are incorrect; for **15** $\epsilon_{\text{ArS-}}$ should be 1,100 and for **16** $\epsilon_{\text{ArS-}}$ should be 16,300.

Several important references were inadvertently omitted from footnote 6. This footnote should include: (f) R. E. Humphrey and J. M. Hawkins, *Anal. Chem.*, **36**, 1812 (1964); (g) R. E. Humphrey, A. L. McCrary, and R. M. Webb, *Talanta*, **12**, 727 (1965); (h) R. E. Humphrey and J. L. Potter, *Anal. Chem.*, **37**, 164 (1965); (i) B. J. Sweetman and J. A. Maclaren, *Aust. J. Chem.*, **19**, 2347 (1966); (j) M. Grayson and C. E. Farley, *Chem. Commun.*, 831 (1967); (k) M. Grayson, *Colloq. Int. C.N.R.S.*, **182**, 275 (1969).

Reactions of π -2-Methallylnickel Bromide with Methylbenzoquinones. Evidence for Electron Transfer [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **96**, 6789 (1974)]. By L. S. HEGEDUS* and E. I. WATERMAN, Department of Chemistry, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, Colorado 80521.

On page 6790, two lines were transposed in the paragraph beginning at the bottom of the left-hand column. The paragraph should read:

Finally, the *site* of alkylation of the various methylbenzoquinones studied corresponds to the *noncarbonyl ring site of highest spin density* in the corresponding quinone radical anion, as measured from esr hyperfine splitting constants and as calculated by Hückel LCAO-MO methods.⁵⁻⁷ Table I shows this correlation by listing the calculated spin densities for the various quinone radical anions followed by the allyl products obtained from the reactions summarized in eq 1.⁸ . . .

A New Ring System. 2,6-Dioxabicyclo[2.2.2]octane, a Highly Reactive Bicyclic Acetal [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **96**, 7265 (1974)]. By H. K. HALL, JR.,* L. J. CARR, R. KELLMAN, and F. DE BLAUWE, Department of Chemistry, University of Arizona, Tucson, Arizona 85721.

"A New Ring System" should be deleted from the title.

In the first sentence of the Abstract, change "of a new ring system" to "of a strained ring system".

In the first sentence of the Discussion (p 7266), change "this ring system" to "this compound".

Diol Dehydrase Model Studies. The Acid Catalyzed Rearrangement of β -Hydroxyisopropylcobaloxime [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **96**, 7681 (1974)]. By KENNETH L. BROWN and LLOYD L. INGRAHAM,* Department of Biochemistry and Biophysics, The University of California, Davis, California 95616.

On page 7684 we state that Schrauzer and Windgassen probably did not obtain pure β -hydroxyisopropylcobaloxime in basic solution from a 2-halo-1-propanol. We have subsequently been informed by Dr. Schrauzer that he did obtain the pure product. The necessary structural proof was obtained but not published with the synthesis. Accordingly, we retract our statement.

Hydroboration. XXXVI. A Direct Route to 9-Borabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane via the Cyclic Hydroboration of 1,5-Cyclooctadiene. 9-Borabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane as a Uniquely Selective Reagent for the Hydroboration of Olefins [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **96**, 7765 (1974)]. By HERBERT C. BROWN,* EVORD F. KNIGHTS, and CHARLES G. SCOUTEN, The Richard B. Wetherill Laboratory of Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana 47907.

In Table III the products from styrene are 2-phenylethanol, 98.5%; 1-phenylethanol, 1.5%. (The printed prefixes are transposed.)

Synthesis, Characterization, and Bonding of Tetrameric Triphenylphosphine Silver Halide Cluster Systems. Evidence of Dictation of Stereochemistries by van der Waals Interactions [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **97**, 1256 (1975)]. By BOON-KENG TEO,* Bell Laboratories, Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974, and JOSEPH C. CALABRESE, Department of Chemistry, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin 53706.

Between the bottom of page 1256 and the top of page 1257, two lines have been omitted. This passage should read "the average Ag-X distances are substantially longer than normal covalent bonds by 0.32 and 0.24 Å in **1** and **2a**, respectively. The observed lengthening of the Ag . . . Ag distances . . ."

Proton-Exchange Reactions of Acetone and Butanone. Resolution of Steps in Catalysis by Acetoacetate Decarboxylase [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **97**, 1568 (1975)]. By GEORGE HAMMONS, F. H. WESTHEIMER,* KURT NAKAOKA, and RONALD KLUGER,* James Bryant Conant Laboratories, Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138, and the Department of Chemistry, University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois 60637.

The caption to Figure 3 should read: (a) The 60-MHz spectrum of the protons of the 4 position of butanone after ~55% of the original signal at the 3 position remains, catalyzed by hydroxide; (b) the same except catalyzed by enzyme.